## **CLAIMS**

- 1. An electrode assembly for a micro-optics solar concentrator, the apparatus comprising:
- a) an array of micro-mirrors rotatably disposed in a substrate;
- b) electric dipoles in said rotatable micro-mirrors;
- c) said apparatus having a plurality of addressable elements;
- d) two bus bars connected to opposite poles of at a voltage source;
- e) at least two sets of opposing rung electrodes which orthogonally criss-cross each other and are separated by dielectrics;
- f) said rung electrodes electrically connected to at least two of said bus bars for electric field coupling to said induced electric dipoles; and
- f) means for selectively addressing each pair of said bus bars.
- 2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein there are at least three independent voltage sources connected to at least three pairs of rung electrodes.
- 3. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said array of micro-mirrors are disposed between a top transparent electrode opposite a bottom electrode connected to an independent voltage source
- 4. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said array of micro-mirrors are disposed between a top grid electrode opposite a bottom electrode connected to an independent voltage source.
- 5. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said electric dipoles are induced in each of said micro-mirrors by said electric field.
- 6. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein an electret is placed adjacent to each micro-mirror so that its permanent electric dipole is parallel to said induced electric dipole.

- 7. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein a group of said micro-mirrors are given the same alignment.
- 8. A method of aligning groups of an array of rotatable mini-mirrors in a light modulating apparatus comprising the steps of:
- a) selectively inducing an electric dipole in each of said rotatable minimirrors;
- b) producing a grid array of independently orientable electric fields for coupling to the induced electric dipoles by means of sets of orthogonally crisscrossing opposing rung electrodes; and
- c) selectively aligning at least one of said rotatable mini-mirrors by means of said electric fields.
- 9. The method of claim 8 further comprising the step of applying at least three independent voltages to at least three pairs of rung electrodes.
- 10. The method of claim 8 further comprising the step of placing an electret adjacent to each mini-mirror so that its permanent electric dipole is parallel to said induced electric dipole.
- 11. The method of claim 8 further comprising the step of energizing a top transparent electrode opposite a bottom electrode connected to an independent voltage source, between which electrodes are disposed said array of micro-mirrors.
- 12. The method of claim 8 further comprising the step of energizing a top grid electrode opposite a bottom electrode connected to an independent voltage source, between which electrodes are disposed said array of micromirrors.
- 13. The method of claim 8 further comprising the step of giving said mini-mirrors the same alignment as a group .
  - 14. Apparatus for focussing and directing reflected light comprising:

- a) an array of micro-mirrors rotatably disposed in a substrate;
- b) electric dipoles in said rotatable micro-mirrors;
- c) said apparatus having a plurality of addressable elements;
- d) two bus bars connected to opposite poles of at a voltage source;
- e) at least two sets of orthogonally criss-crossing rung electrodes electrically connected to at least two of said bus bars for electric field coupling to said induced electric dipoles; and
- f) means for selectively addressing each pair of said bus bars; and
- g) means for selectively establishing independent voltage differences between each pair of said bus bars.
- 15. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein there are at least three independent voltage sources connected to at least three pairs of rung electrodes.
- 16. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said array of micro-mirrors are disposed between a top transparent electrode opposite a bottom electrode connected to an independent voltage source
- 17. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said array of micro-mirrors are disposed between a top grid electrode opposite a bottom electrode connected to an independent voltage source.
- 18. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said electric dipoles are induced in each of said micro-mirrors by said electric field.
- 19. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein an electret is placed adjacent to each micro-mirror so that its permanent electric dipole is parallel to said induced electric dipole.
- 20. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein a group of said micro-mirrors are given the same alignment.